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BRITISH NATION.

Thursday, August 4. 1709.

Differers in Scotland be able to fay, that I am going to raise Persecution upon them, and that I am stirring up either the Government in general, or the Magistrates in Scotland in particular against them, on the Occasion of their differting from the Establish'd Church of Scotland—While yet I must say, that some among them, I do not say all, nor do I charge is upon them as a Body, for I am desirous of doing Justice to the publick Case in hand, without doing personal Injury to any Body, or exposing any Body but those that are guilty.

The Act, for Security of the true Protestant Religion and Presbyterian Church Government,

being the 6th A& of the last Parliament of Scotland, pass'd before the Ratification of the Treaty of Union of the two Kingdoms, and afterwards made Part of the faid Treaty, and incorporated into the Body of the Act for the Ratification of the faid Treaty-And again pass'd by the Parliament of England-and (pray, note it) consented to and confirm'd by the Church of England, in the Affent of their Bilhops then affembled in Parliameut, and concurring to it in the Exemplification of the faid Ratification of the Treaty fent back to Scotland, and remaining there upon Record, to witness against us for ever --- This Act, I say, establishes the Worship, Discipline, and Government of the Church of Scotland to conI presume, I shall not be tax'd with Arrogance, and I am sure, I am justify'd by the Laws now of Britain, in saying, That the Government of Britain, as now establish'd by the Union—or call it, if you please, the Parliament of Britain, CANNOT, I say cannot, because they legally CANNOT, contravene one Article of this Union, and consequently of this Ast, which is now become an inseparable Branch of it— I have said this as plainly and largely formerly, as Words can express it, and that when the Parliament was sitting, and

which, if it had invaded their Authority,

would have call'd me to an Account for it; and therefore I may fay, did tacitly ac-

knowlege it.

From hence then I infer, that all Manner of Innovations or Alterations obtended upon the Scots, in the Worship, Discipline, or Government of the Church of Scotland—so far as it is authoriz'd or encourag'd by the Government or Parliament of Britain, so far it is an Invasion of the Articles of the Union, and they have no Authority to do it—They CANNOT do it—

And this I lay down as a Fundamental. In Pursuance of this Act of Union, Complaint being made to the Government of feveral Invations made upon the Rights of the Church of Scotland, and in Defiance of the Discipline and Government of the said Church, by the Heretors obtruding, and the Episcopal Clergy intruding into Manses and vacant Churches-- Her Majeffy, that no Charge might lie against the Sovereign or the Administration, has declar'd her Dillike, and difallowing of all fuch Intruding or Invation, and publish'd her Royal Proclamation, dated ... Anno 1708, forbilding and discharging the Intruding of Ministers into Churcoes and Manses-and requiring the Civil Magistrates to prevent the same, &c. as by the said Proclamation may appear.

Notwithstanding this Proclamation, and the sincere Resolution her Majesty has been pleas'd to express, of keeping inviolate every Article of the Union, yet we find so ill Use made of the Mercy and Lenity of

the QUEEN, and of the Neighbourly Backwardness in the Magistrates and People to prosecute to Severity the Laws in that Case, upon every Offender, as is before noted—That on the contrary, they are not only intruding still into Churches and Manses, setting up Innovations in Worship and Remissness of Discipline in the said Church—but also labouring by secret Rumours, salse Reports, unjust Suggestions and Infinuations, to perswade the People, that these Innovations are made by the Knowledge, with the Consent and Authority of the QUEEN; than which, nothing is more scandalously salse.

I shall first prove the Matter of Fact, that such Intrusions into Churches, &c. and Innovations in Worship are now attempted, and then shall prove the Attempt to make the Nation believe, the Government approves of it; and shall at last endeavour to convince all it may concern, that it is a malicious false Suggestion, mischievous in its Design, and scandalous upon the QUEEN and Government.

And first for the Fact — I refer to the following Account just now transmitted me from Edinturgh, and attested under such Authority, as leaves no Room for the most cavilling Enemy, to question the Truth of it.

SIR,

Know you will be very well fatisfy'd to bear, that our Patent for the Society in Scotland for propagating Christian Knowledge is expedited, for Iknow, you are a Well wisher to that pious Design, and will promote it to your Power; for which Reason I send yowhere inclos'd a Copy of, which you may peruse, and communicate it as you think fit: Having this Occasion, I think it not amis also to tell you, that within these few Weeks, Stewart of Gairntully, who has purchased the Estate of Balnamoan in Angus-shire, within the Parock of Carraldstoun, the Church whereof bas been deferted these several Tears of the Episcopal Incumbent, bas fet up the Buglin Service therein, and it's faid, is about to buy Organs, to compleat the Harmony of the Worlhip. This is a palpable Incroachment upon our Church, and ber referv'd Rights, and I am afraid, the Devifers of such new Methods bere are not so much afted with Zeal so that

Form of Worlbip, at with Difaffection to the Government, and a Defire to put m in Difbrilet: I em perswalled, our Gracious Queen will not approve of such Incroachments, not only to intrude against Law into a vacant Church, contrary to ber Majesty's gracious Proclamation, but to introduce into our Establish'd Church a Form of Worship not approven by it. Great Pains bave been taken bere to make the People believe, that thefe Things are done by the Authority and Encouragement of the Government, a Thing our People are too apt to believe, and are full of Fears about. And the Enemies of the present Establishment bere are never idle, and do all they can to alienate Peoples Minds from the Union, by spreading Reports of their bringing in the English Ceremonies into our Church, and it was actually put in our publick Prints, that the Abbey-Church was order'd to be repair'd for that End; yea, some at Aberdeen bad the Boldness to draw up

an Address to the QUBEN for allowing the same there. But our Gracious QUEEN and ber Wise Officers of State foresaw the Consequences thereof, and discouraged such Attempts, and Lettert were sent by her Majesty's Direction, she wing that there was no Encouragement given for these Things.

Your moft humble Servant, &c.

Here is Invasion and Innovation both absolutely against the Union, and the Defign of all is to possess the People with Apprehensions, that the QUEEN and the Government are the Encouragers of it, and give them Authority to do it; thus the Fact is prov'd.

Now to prove, that the QUEEN does not encourage these People; the best Way I see to prove this, is to shew, that the QUEEN has no Design or Desire to have it

fo. And this I refer to my next.

MISCELLANEA.

AND what shall we say now to our Heroe of the North, of whose Affairs I took upon me to be so true a Prophet formerly, as to tell you, his Piper would lead him such a Dance, asking Pardon for the Pun, as that he should have enough to do to get back again.

Now pray, Gentlemen, do not take me for a Conjurer; a small Skill of Divining will serve to make such a Piece of Prophecy, the Nature of the Thing tells it, and let the News go which way it will, I am perswaded, the Predictions, I have formerly made of the Person we now speak of, will all come to pass.

1. That he has fet up a Thing that he calls a King, but he shall never see him acknowledg'd to be King of Poland.

be can never finish—And if he could finish, he could not keep.

3. That he shall reach his Enemy to beat him.

4. That he shall never end this War with Honour-

I do own my self to be one of those that are not fully persuaded of the Truth of the Battle, as now related between the Swedes and the Muscovites, I mean the Truth of the Manner, Viz. That the Swedes are entirely deseated; five Generals, the Prime Minister, and two Secretaries, &c. and the Prince of Wirsemberg taken, with all their Cannon and Baggage—and the King himself reported to be kill'd in the Action.

Nor—as much as I have said against the Conduct of that Prince, can I wish him among the Slain—Because he is, however he may be now mistaken or misted by his own Ambition, a Protestant Prince, and, in another Cause which I foresee is not far off, may be a Bulwark of the Protestant Interest.

It is pity indeed to see, or bear of, such a fine Army as his was, when he march'd out of Saxony, so torn to pieces, as it has been, sighting with Hunger, Cold, Diseases, and over-power'd by Cowards——But as the present Case stands, we cannot be forry for it.